

C E R T I F I C A T E

The undersigned CHARLES JONGENEEL, First Lieutenant R.N.I.A., head of the War Crimes Section of NETHERLANDS FORCES INTELLIGENCE SERVICE (NEFIS) being first duly sworn on oath deposes and states that the annexed report is a full, true, complete and accurate copy of the original document entitled;

"Report of the Sgt. of Marine "CORNELIS VIJLERIEF",  
call No. 3444, concerning the murder of 7 Naval PsW  
in the vicinity of KERTOSONO on the 5th March, 1942",  
No. OM/455/M,

which document is a part of the Official records of the NEFIS.

SIGNATURE:

Charles Jongeneel

(Seal)

BATAVIA, 7th June, 1946.

Subscribed and sworn to before me K. A. de WEERD, first Lieutenant  
R.N.I.A., Higher Official attached to the Office of the Attorney -  
General N.E.I.

/s/ K. A. de WEERD

REPORT of the Sgt. of Marine "CORDELLS VIJLBRIEF", call. No. 3444, concerning the murder of 7 Naval P.I.'s in the vicinity of KATOSONO on the 5th March 1942.

When the war with Japan broke out, I was quartered in the Naval Barracks "Goebang" at SOURBAYA. In the night of 4th to 5th of March 1942 I left for DJOBANG with a section of about 24 Marines, under the command of Sgt. Maj. "DE VOS" in order to join the Navy Battalion under the command of Lt. Col. of the Marines, "REICOPSEN". We arrived at DJOBANG at about 0430 hrs. and were detailed to our Company under the command of 2nd. Lt. of the Marines, "Ten HARTOG". After a few hours' rest we started by car in the direction of KATOSONO. In the vicinity of this place we were compelled to leave our cars and dispersed to seek shelter in the neighbouring villages. Violent machine-gun and mortar fire caused a confusion, but after some time a number of us were re-assembled; i.e. Sgt. Maj. "DE VOS", Sgt. Midshipman "DUMKI JACOBS", the Cpl. Midshipman "SCHONZETTER" and myself, altogether 12 men. Together we tried to return to DJOBANG, but at 1300 hrs. we were encircled by Japanese and captured. The Marine 1st. Cl. "HATTABURG" had a bayonet wound in his back, but nevertheless he was able to walk with us. With our hands tied on our backs we were placed in a rice field under the guard of 2 Japanese, who seized this opportunity to rob us of all our possessions. At about 1800 hrs. we were taken to the inner-court of a rice factory in the neighbourhood where we had to pass the night, still handcuffed.

On the 6th of March at daybreak we were taken to the main road where we had to close ranks. We were ordered to look straight ahead. Then many of our fellows were led away by Japanese armed with bayonets and rifles or swords, to a spot some distance away, I think about 11 yards. I could not see but could distinctly hear, what happened. The victims were killed by bayonetting or beheading, I heard them screaming and groaning; only a few shots were fired. The Japanese came back, cleaned their blood-stained weapons and threw the dirty rags in our faces. At last, "DUMKI JACOBS", "SCHONZETTER" and myself were the only survivors. Sgt. Maj. "DE VOS" had escaped. I think that in this fashion the Japanese murdered the following persons:

- the Marine 2nd Cl. "HATTABURG"
- the Marine 3rd. cl. "V.J. LEEUWEN"
- the Militia chauffeur "D.M.IJKA".

I do not know the names of the guilty Japanese nor am I likely to recognize them if confronted, except one, who came back more than once to fetch someone of our group. When the three of us were left, a Japanese appeared, apparently the leader, whereafter we were taken to a railway bridge in the vicinity of KATOSONO where 2 Japanese Officers were present; a 1st Lt. and presumably an interpreter.

Here we were interrogated. Midshipman "DUMKI JACOBS" was first, he was violently beaten with the sheath of a sword because (as he told us afterwards) he was unable to give sufficient information. I was the second to be interrogated. Threatening me with thrashing and death they asked me several questions concerning Order of Battle etc. I could not give any information either. Finally "SCHONZETTER" was interrogated in the same fashion.

When the interrogation had come to an end, we were tied together by our arms, so tightly that the blood circulation was seriously impeded. Then we were thrown on a tank riding with a transport in the direction of SOURBAYA. We were beaten and kicked whenever we assumed a position the Japanese did not approve of.

This occurred in the forenoon of the 6th March 1942. In the evening they stopped and after a short delay the trip was continued. This went on for two days, during which time we had neither food nor drink. Then suddenly we were led to a closed car, still tied together, and taken to the large bridge near MODJOKETO. There we had to alight and each of us was tied separately to a vertical rail serving as a barricade on the road. Our arms

were drawn up as high as possible and we were put under guard of a Japanese soldier, who kicked and beat us when he saw that we became tired. This happened during the night of the 7th and 8th of March 1942. At day-break we were untied and thrown into a shed some distance away. There our hands were untied and for the first time since our capture we were given some rice to eat. We could hardly use our hands as our hands and arms were almost paralyzed. Shortly afterwards, we were transported by car to SIOLOKIDJO where we were taken to a building (I think the former Government's Office) situated in a large square. There we passed the night of the 8th to the 9th of March and were given some food. At SIOLOKIDJO we were interrogated again by a 1st Lt. assisted by an interpreter. My interrogation was actually a torture. Threatening me with death they interrogated me for two hours, but I was unable to give information about strength of Army and Navy Forces, nor could I mention the names of the Commanders of these Forces.) The following morning a Japanese informed us of the capitulation. We were transported to SOURBAYA and imprisoned in the Showgrounds.

SMILLA, 13th October 1945.  
the Sect. of Marines,  
Signed: "C. VIJLBALF".

For true copy  
the Secretary of C.O.C.  
The Sen. Officer of Adm. 2nd. Cl.  
Signed: "H.J.G. VAN GIESSEN".



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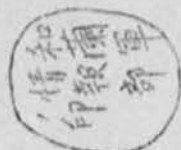
証明書

下命 和蘭軍情報部 (NEFIS) 戦争犯罪課長 R.N.I.H.  
は 尉士 ヤーリス・ヨングニール、ハ先ツ正式ニ宣達シタ後、別紙報告書  
が左記標題文書原本、全文ニシテ完全、真正、正確ナリト爲テアル  
ヲ證言陳述ス

「一九四三年三月五日「ケルトツ」附近ニ於ケル海軍俘虏七名虐殺ニ  
因スル海兵隊軍曹「コネーリス・サイジルダリーフ」呼出番号第三  
四号、報告」

O M / 四五五 / M 号

本文書、和蘭軍情報部、公式記録、一部ナル。



Ch. ヨングニール 署名

於バタビヤ 一九四六年 六月 七日

本官即チ和蘭領印度検査總長事務局附

高等官 R.N.I.H. 中尉「K. M. ヲヤード」ノ面前ニ於テ  
署名宣達ロサレタモノデアル

K. M. ヲヤード 署名

EXHIBIT NO. 17081A

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No 1.

CM/455/14

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No 2

一九四三年三月五日、ケルトン附近ニ於ケル海軍俘虜七名ノ虐殺ニ関スル  
海兵隊軍曹「コレネーリス・グレイズ」アリトシテ出番号ヲ察知シテ西面ヨリ報告書

日本ト、戦争ガ勃発シタ時私ハ「スラバヤ」ニ於ケル海軍兵舎「コニベン」ニ駐  
シテ居タ。一九四三年三月五日カウ五日、夜ニカケテ私ハ「デ・グロス」曹長指揮ノ下  
ニ海兵凡ソ二十四名ノ小隊ト共ニ「ジャムバング」ニ向ケテ出発シタ

全員十二名共ニ吾々ハ「ジャムバング」ヘ歸ヘウケトシタ。然シテ三時頃吾々ハ日本軍  
ニツチ取圍ニテ逮捕セラレタ。一軍海兵「カッシーブルグ」ハ彼ノ背部ニ銃剣ヲ刺  
シテ死ニモ拘ラズ。彼ノ吾々ト一編ニ歩クコトガ出来タ。其後三手ヲ越セツケラレタ  
儘、我々ハ二名ノ日本人、監督「十三」船田ニ遇ケレタ。彼等ハ此機ヲ捕ヘテ吾々所  
持品全部ヲ掠奪シタ。十八時頃吾々ハ近所籍米所ノ中庭ニ連テ行カレ、  
其処ニ手錠ヲ掛ケラレタ。其ノ夜ヲ過サネバテラナカッタ。

三月六日、夜明ニ吾々ハ大通ヘ連テ行カレ其処ニ吾々ハ列ヲ語タネバナラナ  
カッタ。吾々ハ真直ガ前方ヲ見ルコトヲ命ゼラレタ。ソレカラ吾々ノ仲間ノ多  
クハ銃剣、小銃、刀ナドヲ携ヘテ日本兵ニツチ十二碼位アルカト思ハレル寸離シ  
タトコロヘ連テ行カレタ。私ハ何カ起ツタカ見ルコトハ出来ナカッタガ、バギ  
リト圍フコトガ出来タ。被害者連ハ銃剣ヲ突カレルカ打首ニサレテ殺セラレタ。  
私ハ很奇ガ叫ブノヲ唸ルノヲ聞イタ。散発シカ発砲ハ「サレナカッタ」。

日本兵ハ度ツテ来テ血塗ヒノ武器ヲ掃除シ其ノ汚シタ木口布ヲ吾々  
ノ顔ニ投ゲツケタ。遂ニ「ダシケ」ジエゴブスト「ジョエシセツタ」ト私ガ  
ガ生残ツタ。「デ・グロス」曹長ハセニ逃セシテナクノデアール。

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此處に吾々の訊問あり。海軍少尉候補生、タム、エーゴスが最初  
訊問され、刀、銃、短剣、リボルバー（後三銃を二銃で受けて、だが、  
満足な情報と與へることが出来なかつた。私、二番目訊問あり。  
袋叩き、三銃を殺すも、諦めなう。彼等、私、戦術、序、等、関  
する幾個、質問あり。然る、何等情報と與へることが出来なかつた。且、最後  
に、三オセワリ、が同様訊問あり。訊問が終り、吾々、一連腕腕、繋ぎ  
分、アメリキ、クニ、バウ、シ、タ、テ、血、血、循環、が、ヒ、ド、リ、ヤ、ケ、ラ、シ、タ、ソ、レ、カ、ラ、吾、々、  
ス、ラ、バ、テ、方、面、向、ッ、テ、行、リ、輸、送、敵、ト、共、ニ、走、ッ、テ、ナ、リ、戦、車、ノ、上  
ニ、抛、リ、上、ゲ、ラ、シ、タ。日本兵、彼等が負、入、タ、姿、勢、ヲ、我、々、採、ト、ス、テ、吾、々、  
ヲ、ホ、ッ、テ、蹴、ッ、タ、リ、シ、タ。此、ノ、事、ハ、一、九、四、二、年、三、月、六、日、午、前、中、ニ、起、リ、タ。  
ヲ、テ、彼、等、ハ、止、リ、小、休、憩、後、又、旅、ヲ、續、ケ、タ。此、ハ、二、日、間、續、イ、タ、ガ、其、  
ノ、間、吾、々、食、物、モ、飲、物、モ、與、ヘ、ラ、シ、タ、カ、リ、タ。ソ、レ、ヲ、ウ、突、然、吾、々、盤、索、ガ、レ、タ、  
エ、テ、吾、々、有、蓋、車、（導、カ、レ、モ、ド、ケ、ル、ケ、レ、ト、附、近、ノ、大、キ、ナ、橋、（連、シ、テ、  
作、リ、タ。其、處、デ、吾、々、ハ、降、リ、ネ、バ、ナ、リ、タ、カ、リ、タ。ソ、レ、テ、道、路、デ、阻、絶、ノ、用、  
ヲ、ミ、ナ、リ、手、指、ノ、柱、ニ、各、々、別、々、結、ビ、ツ、キ、ラ、シ、タ。吾、々、腕、腕、出、来、ニ、ダ、ケ、  
高、ク、引、キ、上、ゲ、ニ、一、人、日、本、兵、ノ、監、視、ノ、下、ニ、置、カ、レ、タ、ガ、彼、ハ、吾、々、ガ、疲、  
ミ、見、ル、ト、蹴、ッ、タ、リ、打、ッ、タ、リ、シ、タ。此、ハ、一、九、四、二、年、三、月、七、日、カ、ラ、八、日、カ、ラ、  
ヲ、夜、間、行、レ、タ、デ、アル。夜、明、吾、々、ハ、解、カ、レ、タ、少、シ、離、レ、タ、ト、コ、ロ、ニ、小、  
屋、投、ゲ、タ、シ、タ。其、處、デ、吾、々、ハ、解、カ、レ、タ、吾、々、ガ、捕、レ、タ、カ、ラ、初、  
メ、食、物、ト、ミ、米、飯、ヲ、少、量、與、ヘ、ラ、シ、タ、デ、アル、ガ、吾、々、ハ、手、モ、腕、モ、死、  
ニ、麻、痺、シ、テ、手、ヲ、ミ、タ、テ、使、フ、コ、ト、ガ、出、来、ナ、リ、他、デ、ア、リ、タ。ソ、レ、カ、ラ、向、マ、  
ッ、テ、吾、々、ハ、車、デ、ミ、ド、ア、リ、シ、タ、（運、バ、レ、タ、其、處、デ、吾、々、ハ、或、ハ、大、キ、ナ、  
広、場、ヲ、ミ、タ、リ、建、物、（元、官、廳、ヲ、ト、私、ハ、見、テ、）（連、シ、テ、作、リ、タ、

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其処三月八日カラ九日(カサチ、夜、過)ニ少量ノ食物ヲ與(ラシタ)  
「ドアー」ニ於テ吾等、通譯ヲ命ジテ一人ノ中尉ニヨリテ訊問  
シタ。私等對スル訊問ノ實際ヲ、據ルデアル。殺ストル脅迫ニガ  
彼等、二時間ニ亘リ私等ヲ訊問シテ、終ニ陸海軍ノ兵力ニ就テ、  
情報ヲ與(ル)コトモ、示シテ、司令官ノ名ヲ擧ゲルコトモ出来ナ  
カデアル

× × × × × ×

於「三」元四年十月十三日

陸海軍軍曹

署名「ヒューズ・リリー」

原在兵名、署名アリ

C. O. G. 書記

先任二等行政將校

署名「H. J. G. ケーニース」

N04